

FLYNN IS EASY FOR JOHNSON; WOLGAST WINS FROM RIVERS

Police Stop Bout After White Man Resorts to Rough and Tumble Tactics

BLACK CHAMPION COMPLETE MASTER OF THE SITUATION

In Wolgast-Rivers Contest Referee Claims a Knock-Out

McGOORTY BEST K. O. BROWN

Both Big Fights Prove Very Unsatisfactory to the Respective Crowds.

Las Vegas, N. M., July 5.—The Jack Johnson-Jim Flynn forty-five-round fight for the heavyweight championship of the world was brought to a close in the ninth round yesterday by the state police.

Captain Farnoff, the personal representative at the residence of Governor McDonald, declared that it was no longer a boxing contest; that it was a brutal exhibition, and that Flynn's foul tactics made its continuance impossible. He jumped into the ring with his deputies and drove the fighters and the officials into a corner. Referee Ed. W. Smith then announced that Johnson had won and the fight was over.

Fireman Utterly Outlasted. Flynn displayed no ability throughout the fight. He was cut about the face until the blood ran down his breast in a stream. He was utterly helpless from the first round on and by the sixth was deliberately trying to butt the champion's chin with his head. Time after time Johnson held him powerless in the clinches, Flynn jerked his head upward. Referee Smith warned him repeatedly, but it did no good.

In the seventh, Flynn began reaching upward every time he could work his head under Johnson's chin. Flynn's feet were both off the floor time and again with the energy he put into his bounds. Sometimes he seemed to leap two feet into the air in his frantic plunges at the elusive black jaw above him.

Referee Smith forced Flynn back towards his corner over a half dozen times. "Stop that butting," he would say, shaking his finger in Flynn's face; "stop it, or I will disqualify you." In the next clinch—it was in the eighth round—Flynn flung himself upward again. Smith jumped between them and warned him once more. "Next time you do it I'll disqualify you," he shouted at Flynn; but he changed his mind, for it happened again and again in that round and repeatedly in the ninth, before the state police took a hand.

Negro Smiles Through It All. Through it all the champion was smiling. He evaded Flynn's attacks with the utmost ease, whether the Puerto Rican led with his hand or his head. Only once in the ninth round did he show any wish to end the fight, and yet the ringside opinion was unanimous that he could have put Flynn out at any time he happened to fancy, whether in the first or in the ninth round.

Wolgast Given Decision. Los Angeles, Calif., July 5.—For twelve rounds, Ad Wolgast and Joe Rivers fought like catamounts in their lightweight championship battle at Vernon arena yesterday afternoon. In the thirteenth, there came a blow which landed low, and both boys in an instant were sprawling and writhing upon the floor.

Wolgast was declared the winner by Referee Jack Welch. Then Indian broke loose—the demonstration lasting for more than half an hour, participated in by eleven thousand excited fight fans.

Referee Disputed by Thousands. Last night Referee Welch stood disputed by Rivers and by thousands of spectators in his decision that Wolgast won by a knockout. The Mexican fighter claims a foul, and in his dressing room he displayed a dented aluminum protector to prove his claim. Wolgast said he also was fouled.

McGoorty-Brown Bout Stopped. Benton Harbor, Mich., July 5.—Sheriff Johnson and his deputies put a stop to the Eddy McGoorty-"Knock-out" Brown ten-round fight here yesterday, ten seconds before the end of the last round, by arresting both principals and the officials. All are charged with violating the Michigan boxing law. It was McGoorty's fight.

TRYING AN ALLEGED SPY.

Liepsic, Germany, July 5.—The trial of Leopold Eilers, a native of the island of Heligoland, began today before the Imperial supreme court here. Eilers who resided seven years in New Orleans, is accused of attempting to obtain secret documents and also plans of the defenses of Heligoland for the British government.

Missouri must import peaches. Oklahoma crop is enormous.

TWO FACTIONS SEEK OFFICES

Stormy Sessions Expected When Educational Association Elects Officials

HOLD SESSIONS IN CHICAGO

Many Noted Educators Will Attend Week's Sessions

"PROGRESSIVES" ARE ACTIVE

New York Teachers Lead Movement to Wrest Control of Organization.

Chicago, July 5.—Thousands of educators from all parts of the United States are already gathered in this city and many thousands more will arrive here before next Monday to attend the fifteenth annual convention of the National Education Association, which will begin tomorrow with three sessions of the educational council. The convention which promises to be of especial interest and importance, is scheduled to continue through next week, closing with a general session on Friday evening, July 12.

The Auditorium Hotel and the Congress Hotel have been selected as the headquarters of the convention and the sessions of the general convention will be held at the Auditorium Theatre. In addition to the general sessions there will be daily sessions of nine of the principal departments, with round-table conferences, addresses and demonstrations by noted experts. Among the departments which will hold special meetings are the departments of Kindergarten education, of Elementary education, Normal Schools, business education, child hygiene, science instruction, physical education, special education, school patrons, rural and agricultural education.

Lively Session Expected. Fifty or sixty of the leading churchmen of the city have arranged special sessions and addresses on educational matters for Sunday and have invited the delegates to attend services. The rest of the day will probably be devoted by most of the visiting members to sight-seeing tours through the city on their own account.

The real work of the convention will begin on Monday. In the morning there will be a number of departmental meetings and in the afternoon the first general session of the convention will be called to order by President Carroll G. Pease of the association, who will deliver his annual address after the conclusion of the customary welcoming speeches. Immediately following the afternoon session the members from each state will convene in places assigned to them to choose their representatives upon the committee which will nominate officers for the coming year.

Two Factions Seek Offices. When the time comes for the election of officers a stormy session is expected in which the "progressives" will be arrayed against the conservative or "machine" faction. The progressives, led by members of the Interborough Association of Women Teachers of New York, will probably open the fight and will make every effort to have their candidate for the presidency, Miss Grace E. Stinchman, of Brooklyn, elected. There has been considerable discussion among the two factions for the last two or three years and the feeling has become so strong that in the opinion of many members an attempt of the "machine" faction to override the progressive element may lead to a split between the two factions and a complete disruption of the association.

In the course of the sessions many subjects of great educational importance will come up for consideration and discussion. The subject of establishing a national university supported by the government will be discussed by four presidents of state colleges, Edmund J. James, of the University of Illinois; Charles R. Van Hise, of the University of Wisconsin; James H. Baker, of the University of Colorado and William O. Thompson, of the University of Ohio.

Noted Educators Present. Among the famous educators who will attend the convention and deliver addresses are Baroness Bertha von Suttner of Vienna, said to have inspired the Nobel Peace foundation, whose annual award of \$50,000 she won by her book, "Lay Down Your Arms"; Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, noted as the leader of the pure food agitation; Jane Addams, head resident of Hull House, in this city; Dr. E. J. Russell, director of the Rothamsted Experimental Station of Harpenden, England, which has records of crops raised by various systems for more than fifty years; Dr. E. D. Dresslar, specialist in school hygiene and sanitation in the United States bureau of education; Dr. David Starr Jordan, president of the Leland Stanford Jr. University; Dr. Philander P. Claxton, United States commissioner of education; Dr. Luther Halsey Gulick, director of the department of child hygiene, Russell

"COUNTING FINGERS"



HIS HOME FOLKS GREET W. J. BRYAN

CITIZENS OF LINCOLN OUT EN MASSE TO WELCOME THE COMMONER.

Lincoln, Neb., July 5.—The "home folks" were all at the station this morning when W. J. Bryan's train pulled in. Local and state officials, headed by Governor Shreve, were on the reception committee, and most of the rest of the citizens of Lincoln were voluntarily additions to the throng that crowded the depot and lined the streets of the business section, through which Bryan was escorted by a brass band and a long string of shouting enthusiasts. At the hotel Bryan delivered a short address.

SECOND REQUEST OF T. R.

Madison, Wis., July 5.—La Follette, in a printed article, today asks Roosevelt for a second time to publish his expense account, or else a "vandal statement of reasons for spurning one of the basic principles of public morality and political decency."

ESCANABA MAN RUN DOWN BY AN ENGINE AND KILLED

Syracuse, N. Y., July 5.—George K. Hughes, of Escanaba, Mich., said to be a college man, working here for a track construction company during his vacation, was killed today by a freight engine on the New York Central. Hughes was about 24 years of age.

MONUMENT TO RHODES.

Cape Town, July 5.—Unveiled by Earl Grey, former Governor-General of Canada, the imposing memorial to the late Cecil Rhodes, who has been called the father of the British empire in South Africa, was officially inaugurated today with impressive ceremonies. The monument, which was completed some months ago, stands in a commanding position on the side of Table Mountain.

SECTIONAL FEELING OVER.

New Orleans, July 5.—For the first time in history the stars and stripes fluttered over the Confederate Veterans' home here yesterday. The flag raising was intended to reciprocate the sentiment by Kingsley post, G. A. R., of Boston, the donor of the flag.

PORTLAND MAKES ELABORATE PLANS FOR ELKS REUNION

Portland, Ore., July 5.—The first of the host of Elks who will be here for the annual convention and reunion next week arrived today. The work of dressing the city is in full swing. The decorative and electrical display will surpass any other ever shown here, and is expected to be one of the greatest ever seen in the country. The official programme for the week was completed in all its details today. Sermons appropriate to the occasion will be preached in many local pulpits Sunday. The formal opening of the Grand Lodge will take place in the Armory Monday evening. The great parade, which is the big spectacular feature of the reunion, will take place Thursday.

Sage Foundation, New York, and many others.

The program of entertainment includes many notable features, including a big reception to the officers and members at the Ave Institute on Monday evening, automobile tours of the parks, boulevards and playgrounds throughout the city, a trip on the steamship Theodore Roosevelt along Chicago's shore line and visits to the life saving stations on the lake shore north and south of the city.

MEXICAN REBELS INVADE SONORA

ORGANIZED REVOLUTION OVER AND GUERRILLA WARFARE RESORTED TO.

El Paso, Texas, July 5.—Organized revolution in Mexico was by today's movement of the Rebels shown to have ended, and in its place substituted guerrilla warfare, threatening widespread devastation in northwestern Mexico.

Five troop trains here retreating from Chihuahua to Juarez, and before the day was over it was expected most of the Rebels would be sent to Casas Grandes, from which point it was intended to effect an entrance into the rich mining state of Sonora. The invasion of Sonora means a running campaign in the mountains.

The rebels admit their defeat at Mampala, attributing it to a lack of ammunition. The whole rebel army is retreating toward the American border, abandoning the city of Chihuahua to the Federals.

PANAMA POLICEMEN AND U. S. MARINES CLASH ON FOURTH

Panama, July 5.—A fight last night between the Panama police and a number of U. S. marines and white Americans celebrating the Fourth, resulted in an American citizen, named R. W. Davis, being killed and two American marines, six soldiers belonging to the Tenth Infantry, as well as two American civilians wounded. Two Panama policemen also were wounded. The U. S. legation is investigating the affair.

FLAG HAS 48 STARS.

Two Added to Old Glory on the Fourth of July.

Washington, D. C., July 4.—Two stars were added to the national flag Saturday, denoting the addition of Arizona and New Mexico to the sisterhood of States. It has been some time since the two Territories became States, but under the law the change in the flag could not be made until today, which is the Independence Day next following their admission to Statehood.

The law governing the subject is contained in the act of Congress approved April 4, 1898. That act provides as follows:

"On the admission of a new State into the Union, one star shall be added to the union of the flag and such addition shall take effect on the 4th day of July then next succeeding such admission."

This is the first time since 1890 that more than one star has been added at a time. In that year stars were added for the five new States of Idaho, Washington, Montana and North and South Dakota.

Since July 4, 1896, the official arrangement of the stars in the blue field of the flag has been such as to permit the addition of more stars without destroying the symmetry of the arrangement. In none of the acts of Congress relating to the flag has the manner of arranging the stars been prescribed. Before the date named there was a lack of uniformity in the matter. After July 4, 1896, when Utah was admitted to the Union, the forty-five stars in the flag were arranged in six rows, the first, third and fifth rows having eight stars each, and the second, fourth and sixth rows, seven stars each.

Four years ago a rearrangement of the stars was made by a joint act of army and navy officers to meet the case of Oklahoma. Under that arrangement, which has prevailed until today, there were eight stars in the first, third, fourth and sixth rows and seven stars in the second and fifth rows. The rearrangement to meet the case of Arizona and New Mexico was a very simple matter. All that was necessary was the addition of a star each to the

41 KILLED IN WRECK; 51 HURT

Express Train Crashes Into Passenger Train on the Lackawanna Railroad

AWFUL REAR-END COLLISION

Accident Occurs Near Corning, New York, Yesterday

Standing Train Hit by Express Going at Full Speed—Inquiry Started.

Corning, N. Y., July 5.—Forty-one passengers were killed and fifty-one injured yesterday when an express train crashed into the west-bound Lackawanna passenger train No. 9, two miles east of this city. Twenty-five of the forty-one killed have been identified.

As soon as news of the accident spread, hundreds of automobiles dashed to the scene, blocking the roadways and interfering with the removal of the dead and injured. A detail of police was sent from this city to keep the roads open and to keep the crowds back from the wreckage.

Among the killed were several babies and young children. Rear-End Collision. The passenger train which runs from New York to Buffalo had been standing on the track a few minutes when the express train, which carried no passengers, struck it in the rear at full speed. The two day coaches attached to the rear of No. 9 were hurled down an embankment and the express plunged half way through the rear Pullman of the standing train before it came to a stop.

Most of the killed were passengers in the day coaches, who were going home to spend the Fourth. F. W. Drake of Passaic, N. J., the Pullman conductor, said that four passengers were killed in the Pullman.

Searching Investigation. The coroner promises a searching investigation. A state investigation will be begun by the state railroad commission.

GRANT'S DAUGHTER WEDS.

Mrs. Nellie Grant, Sartoris Bride of Frank H. Jones. Colong, Ont., July 4.—The wedding of Mrs. Nellie Grant Sartoris, only daughter of former President Ulysses S. Grant, and Frank H. Jones, former Assistant Postmaster-general of the United States, took place today at the bride's country home near this city. Only the relatives and a few intimate friends of the contracting parties were present at the ceremony. The couple will reside in Chicago, where Mr. Jones is connected with one of the leading banks.

MEMORIAL IS DEDICATED.

Crown Point, N. Y., July 5.—Distinguished representatives of New York, Vermont and the Dominion of Canada assembled here today for the dedication of the Champlain memorial. The memorial, which consists of a huge beacon light with an imposing bronze group at its base, commands an eminence on a portion of the site of old Fort St. Frederic. Tomorrow the party will go to Plattsburgh for the dedication there of a similar memorial to the great French explorer.

STORES TO CLOSE EARLY.

Beginning with next Tuesday, all of the big department stores in Red Jacket will close each evening at 6 o'clock, during the summer months, with the exception of Saturday and Monday evenings, when the usual closing time will prevail. This is in accordance with an annual custom.

New York corporations Monday paid \$32,049,969 in death and endowment policies.

When their freedom was threatened, the men of Lexington rebelled; when Lexington was threatened, they rose second and fifth rows, which makes six rows of eight stars each. Since the admission of any of the territorial possessions to Statehood is a matter of the distant future the present arrangement of the stars in the national flag is likely to remain unchanged for a long time to come.

EXPECT VOTE ON LORIMER ELECTION CASE NEXT WEEK

Washington, July 5.—With Senator Myers of Montana ready to speak on the Lorimer election case today, the contest over Lorimer entered on the last stage. The Senate agreed to vote on the case, finally, on "legislative day, July six." But so many speeches will be made, including one by Lorimer, that a vote probably will not be reached before the middle of next week.

NEW PRIMARY BILL PROPOSED BY MR. NORRIS

Progressive Republican Would Remedy the Evils of Present Presidential Primaries

VOTERS TO CHOOSE NOMINEE

In Case of No Majority Convention Would Nominate

ROOSEVELT TO MAKE APPEAL

Will Seek Votes of Farmers and Wage Earners on Economic Grounds.

Washington, July 5.—Rep. Norris, of Nebraska, progressive Republican, today introduced in the House a bill, which, he declared, would remedy the evils of the presidential primaries.

The bill provides for primaries the first Tuesday in May in the year the president is to be elected and for a national convention the fourth Monday in June of that year.

Delegates to the convention will be elected at the primaries, and the bill permits voters to express their first and second choice for presidential candidates, the candidate having a majority of the presidential preference vote to become the nominee of his party. If no candidate received a majority the convention would nominate.

Roosevelt Outlines Campaign.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 5.—A campaign along novel lines was sketched in bare outline last night by Colonel Roosevelt. As the candidate of the new progressive party for the presidency, Colonel Roosevelt intends to make an appeal largely to the farmers and the wage workers, on the grounds that neither the Democratic nor the Republican party is attempting seriously in this campaign to deal with the fundamental economic and social conditions which confront the country. The cost of living will be made a special feature.

COPPER METAL MARKET.

Advance in Price Due Mainly to Natural Conditions.

An authority on copper says: "I have heard a good deal about the manipulation of copper prices, but I am inclined to the belief that the consumers are now pretty well satisfied natural conditions all along have been responsible for 17½¢ copper."

"The advance in the price has been due primarily to the fact that none of the consumers expected the metal to go higher than 14 or 15¢, and when the market reached that figure they withdrew, and after watching it for a time and being absolutely in need of copper to meet their requirements, tried to buy at the then prevailing prices, without much success."

"The refiners and producers being sold up to the end of September are unable to supply the spot demand which, while not great, has been enough, considering the small supply, to cause further advances."

"Everybody has been predicting that on account of the high prices of the metal the consumption will fall off. Past experience indicates that four and six months or a year of high metal prices, does not affect consumption, any more than a few months of extremely low prices stimulates consumption. In order for consumption to be affected by high prices, they must prevail for at least two years."

"I believe it is a perfectly safe calculation that so far as the next few years are concerned, in view of the business outlook, copper prices irrespective of the final adjustment will rule on a higher level, and consumers are coming to a realization of this position."

LITTLE GIRL IS INJURED.

Daughter of Frank Newisch Knocked Down by Frightened Horse.

While standing in the street near the carnival company's show, corner of First and Hecla streets, Laurium last evening, the little daughter of Frank Newisch of Woodland avenue, was knocked down by a horse, and sustained cuts on her face and head, and a bruised arm. Medical attention was secured for the child and she is reported doing well this morning.

It appears that the horse was frightened by the appearance of the carnival show's elephant and bolted. In its flight it struck a lamp post, demolishing it, and knocking the little Newisch girl down, the child coming into contact with the cement curbing. The management of the carnival did everything possible for the child, personally attending to the child's removal to its home, and securing medical assistance. Drs. H. M. Joy and D. Todd attended.